

Risk and Position Sizing for DAA

2016 Frontier Conference

INTRODUCTION

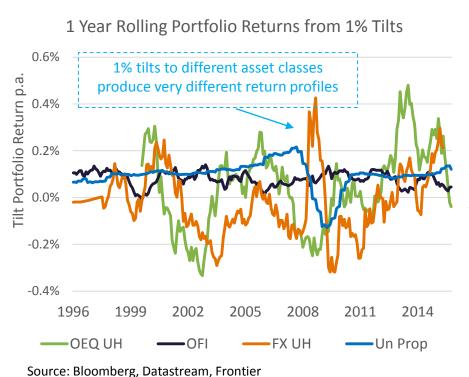
Today's presentation explores three key ideas about Dynamic Asset Allocation (DAA):

- 1. DAA tilts should be sized to reflect both the volatility of the asset class and conviction levels
- 2. Multiple DAA tilts should be analysed as a portfolio of tilts
- 3. DAA tilts should ideally be consistently reflected across different growth portfolios

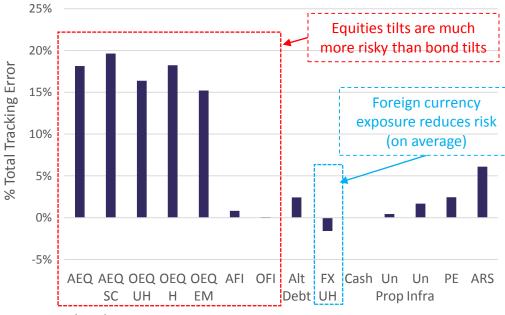


1. SIZING DAA TILTS: CONVICTION vs VOLATILITY

- Q. Given equal conviction in two tilts, should both have an equal weight/size?
- **A.** Generally no. The volatility of the asset class will influence potential excess returns

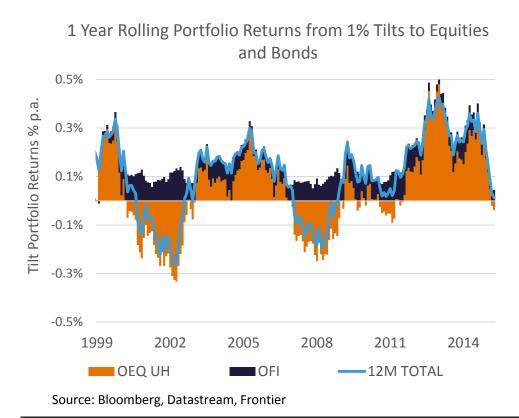


Average Contribution to Tracking Error from 1% Tilts



1. WHAT IF WE IGNORE AN ASSET'S VOLATILITY?

The left hand chart shows that pairing a 1% underweight to bonds with a 1% overweight to equities results in a DAA tilt portfolio that is dominated by equity risk



Approx. Historical Risk Equivalent Tilts by Asset Class

Sector	DAA Tilt	Tracking Error p.a.	
Australian broad caps	+/- 1%	0.13%	
Australian small caps	+/- 0.8%	0.13%	
Overseas equities (UH)	+/- 1.1%	0.13%	
Emerging market equities	+/- 0.8%	0.13%	
Australian Fixed Interest	+/-4.5%	0.13%	
International Fixed Interest	+/- 5.0%	0.14%	
Unlisted Property	+/- 3.5%	0.13%	
Unlisted Infrastructure	+/- 2.5%	0.13%	
Cash	+/- 31%	0.13%	

Source: Bloomberg, Datastream, Frontier



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More

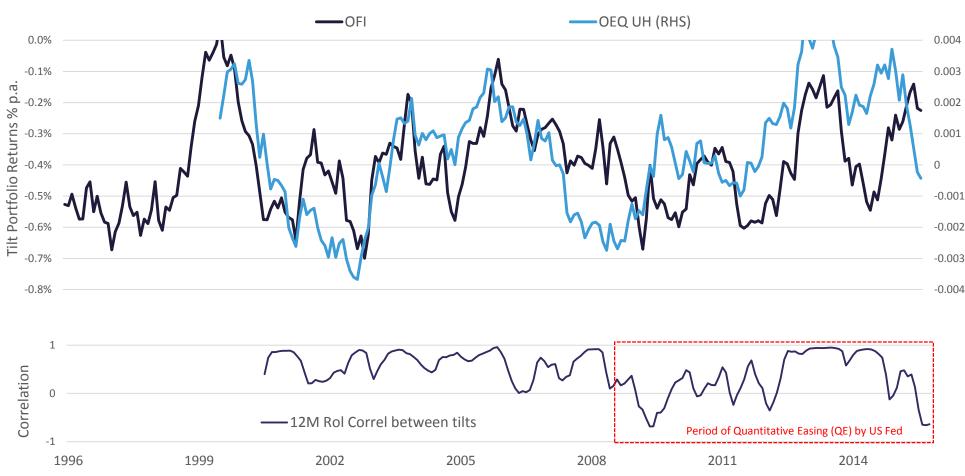
volatile assets require

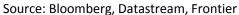
smaller tilts for the same

> return impact

1. EXAMPLE

1 Year Rolling Returns from +0.9% Tilt to OEQ UH & -5.5% Tilt to Global Bonds







2. BRINGING IT ALL TOGETHER: A PORTFOLIO OF DAA TILTS

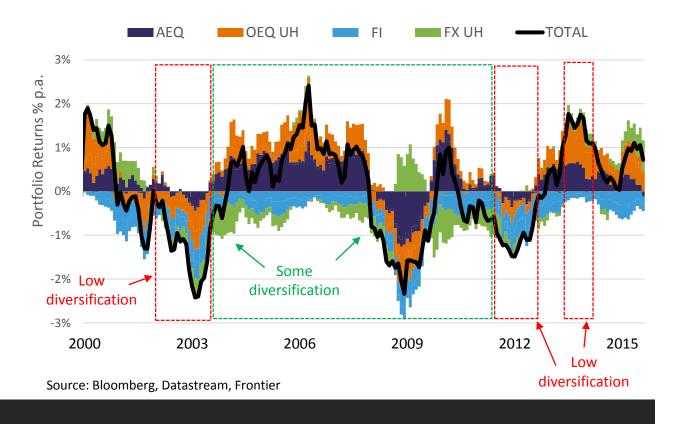
Multiple DAA tilts combine to form a DAA tilt portfolio, which has its own risk and return characteristics. This is analogous to a standard portfolio of risky assets

Example DAA Tilt Portfolio

1 Year Rolling Returns (Example DAA Tilt Portfolio)

Sector	DAA Tilt	
Australian broad caps	+2.7%	
Australian small caps	+0.3%	
Overseas equities (UH)	+1.5%	
Emerging market equities	+1.5%	
Australian Fixed Interest	-3.0%	
International Fixed Interest	-3.0%	
Currency	+2.5%	

Source: Frontier

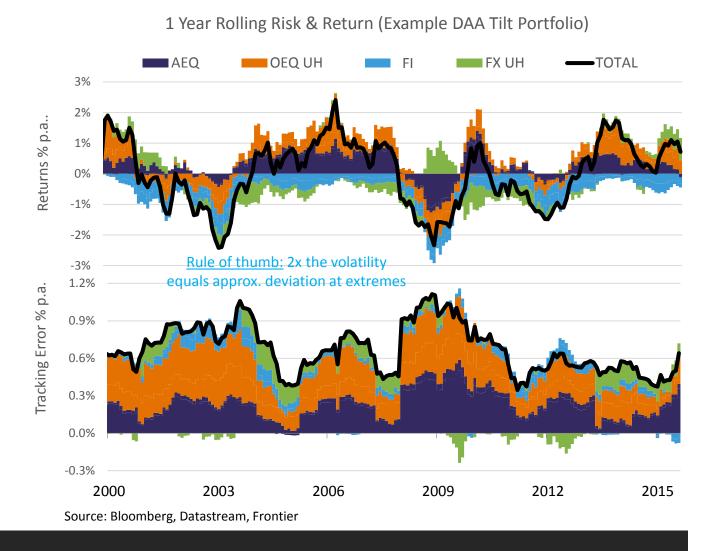




2. RISK BUDGETING WITH TRACKING ERROR

Tracking error can be a potentially useful way of thinking about DAA portfolios

Without the ability to perfectly predict markets, diversification between DAA tilts can partially reduce the impact of incorrect tilts



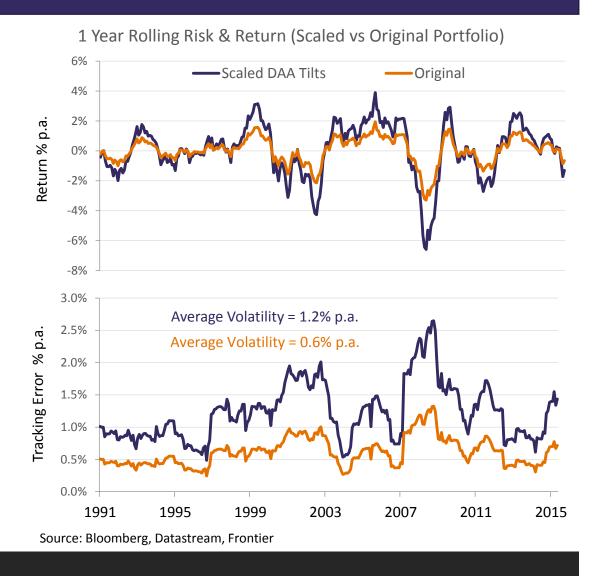


3. SCALING DAA TILTS

Problem: Faced with a variety of portfolios, each with different growth allocations, we want to apply a single set of market views consistently across each

Scaling DAA tilts by a constant multiplier will achieve the desire result

Scaling becomes more challenging when one portfolio lacks an asset class to tilt





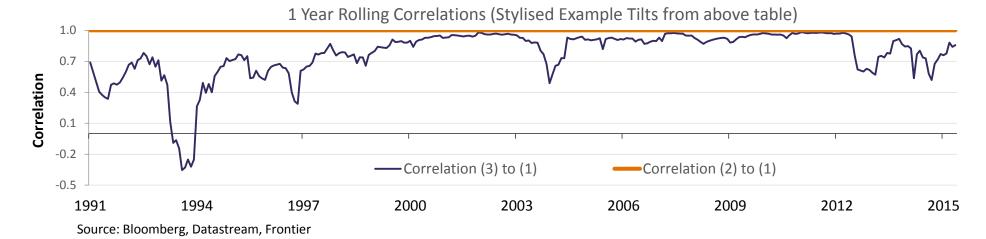
3. SCALING DAA TILTS

In such instances, market views become more difficult to express in a consistent way

This analysis shows that a portfolio of the same directional views can perform very differently depending on the allocations

Stylised Example Tilts

Sector	DAA Tilt (1)	DAA Tilt (2)	DAA Tilt (3)
Australian broad caps	+2.7%	+5.4%	+1.4%
Australian small caps	+0.3%	+0.6%	+0.2%
Overseas equities (UH)	+1.5%	+3.0%	+0.8%
Emerging market equities	+1.5%	+3.0%	+0.8%
Australian Fixed Interest	-3.0%	-6.0%	-6.0%
International Fixed Interest	-3.0%	-6.0%	-6.0%
Cash	-	-	+9.0%





SUMMARY OF IDEAS

- 1. Both an asset's volatility, its relationship with other asset classes, and the conviction in your market view interact when sizing DAA tilts
- 2. The tools and techniques used to analyse regular portfolios can readily be applied to DAA tilt portfolios
- 3. Both the sizes and sign of DAA tilts impact how consistently market views are applied from one portfolio to another, higher or lower growth portfolio



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Frontier Advisors

Level 16, 222 Exhibition Street

Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Tel: +61 3 8648 4300

www.frontieradvisors.com.au

@frontier_adv

